

CORNER GUARD FOR PRE-HUNG DOOR ASSEMBLY**ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE**

An improved corner guard for use on a pre-hung door assembly. The corner guard of the present invention is designed for use with a pre-hung door assembly that includes a door secured within a three-sided door frame in which the two vertical frame members extend in an offset manner below the bottom edge of the pre-hung door. In a preferred embodiment, the corner guard includes a bumper member for imposing a gap between adjacent stacked assemblies. A substantially flat transition flange member is attached to one end of the base of the bumper member, and together, the transition flange member and bumper member base form a retention barrier surface across the front corner region of the pre-hung door assembly to maintain the door securely seated within the door frame. A fixed side flange is affixed to the other end of the bumper member and extends approximately perpendicularly with respect to the bumper member base surface such that a right angle inner surface corner contour is formed therebetween. The corner guard further includes an outwardly extensible lip member affixed to the other end of the transition flange member for enabling the corner guard to be deployed either to a right angle top corner or an L-shaped bottom corner region of the pre-hung door assembly.